

The l3docstrip package

Code extraction and manipulation*

The L^AT_EX3 Project[†]

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1 Extending DocStrip

The l3docstrip module adds L^AT_EX3 extensions to the DocStrip program for extracting code from .dtx. As such, this documentation should be read along with that for DocStrip.

2 Internal functions and variables

An important consideration for L^AT_EX3 development is separating out public and internal functions. Functions and variables which are private to one module should not be used or modified by any other module. As T_EX does not have any formal namespacing system, this requires a convention for indicating which functions in a code-level module are public and which are private.

Using l3docstrip allows internal functions to be indicated using a “two part” system. Within the .dtx file, internal functions may be indicated using @@ in place of the module name, for example

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \@@_some_function:nn #1#2
{
  % Some code here
}
\tl_new:N \l_@@_internal_tl
```

To extract the code using l3docstrip, the “guard” concept used by DocStrip is extended by introduction of the syntax %<@@=<module>. The <module> name will be used when the code is extracted to replace the @@, so that

```
%<*package>
%<@@=foo>
\cs_new_protected:Npn \@@_some_function:nn #1#2
```

*This file describes v3787, last revised 2012/06/08.

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```

    {
      % Some code here
    }
\tl_new:N \l_@@_internal_tl
%</package>

```

will be extracted as

```

\cs_new_protected:Npn \__foo_some_function:nn #1#2
{
  % Some code here
}
\tl_new:N \l__foo_internal_tl

```

where the `__` indicates that the functions and variables are internal to the `foo` module.

3 l3docstrip implementation

1 `<*program>`

We start by loading the existing DocStrip code using the TeX input convention.

2 `\input docstrip %`

`\checkOption` The `\checkOption` macro is defined by DocStrip and is redefined here to accommodate the new `%<@` syntax.

When the macros that process a line have found that the line starts with “%<”, a guard line has been encountered. The first character of a guard can be an asterisk (*), a slash (/), a plus (+), a minus (-), a less-than sign (<) starting verbatim mode, a commercial at (@) or any other character that can be found in an option name. This means that we have to peek at the next token and decide what kind of guard we have. We reinsert #1 as it may be needed by `\doOption`.

```

3 \def\checkOption<#1{%
4   \ifcase
5     \ifx*#10\else \ifx/#11\else
6       \ifx+#12\else \ifx-#13\else
7         \ifx<#14\else \ifx @#15\else 6\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\fi\relax
8     \expandafter\starOption\or
9     \expandafter\slashOption\or
10    \expandafter\plusOption\or
11    \expandafter\minusOption\or
12    \expandafter\verbOption\or
13    \expandafter\moduleOption\or
14    \expandafter\doOption\fi
15    #1%
16  }

```

(End definition for \checkOption This function is documented on page ??.)

`\moduleOption` In the case where the line starts %<@: the defined syntax requires that this continues to %<@@=. At the moment, we assume that the syntax will be correct and #1 here is the module name for substitution into any internal functions in the extracted material.

```

17 \def\moduleOption @@=#1>#2\endLine{%
18   \maybeMsg{<@@=#1>}%
19   \prepareActiveModule{#1}%
20 }

```

(End definition for \moduleOption This function is documented on page ??.)

`\prepareActiveModule` Here, we set up to do the search-and-replace when doing the extraction. The argument (#1) is the replacement text to use, or if empty an indicator that no replacement should be done. The search material is one of __@@, _@@ or @@, done in order such that all three will end up the same in the output. The replacement function is initialised as a do-nothing for the case where %<@@= is never seen.

`\replaceModuleInLine`

```

21 \begingroup
22   \catcode'\_ = 12 %
23   \long\gdef\prepareActiveModule#1{%
24     \ifx\relax#1\relax
25       \let\replaceModuleInLine\empty
26     \else
27       \def\replaceModuleInLine{%
28         \replaceAllIn\inLine{__@@}{_#1}%
29         \replaceAllIn\inLine{_@@}{_#1}%
30         \replaceAllIn\inLine{@@}{_#1}%
31       }%
32     \fi
33   }
34 \endgroup
35 \let\replaceModuleInLine\empty

```

(End definition for \prepareActiveModule This function is documented on page ??.)

`\replaceAllIn` The code here is a simple search-and-replace routine for a macro #1, replacing #2 by #3.

`\replaceAllInAuxI` As set up here, there is an assumption that nothing is going to be expandable, which is reasonable as l3docstrip deals with “string” material.

`\replaceAllInAuxII`

`\replaceAllInAuxIII`

```

36 \long\def\replaceAllIn#1#2#3{%
37   \long\def\tempa##1##2#2{%
38     ##2\qMark\replaceAllInAuxIII#3##1%
39   }%
40   \edef#1{\expandafter\replaceAllInAuxI#1\qMark#2\qStop}%
41 }
42 \def\replaceAllInAuxI{%
43   \expandafter\replaceAllInAuxII\tempa\replaceAllInAuxI\empty
44 }
45 \long\def\replaceAllInAuxII#1\qMark#2{#1}
46 \long\def\replaceAllInAuxIII#1\qStop{}

```

(End definition for \replaceAllIn This function is documented on page ??.)

`\normalLine` The `\normalLine` macro is present in `DocStrip` but is modified here to include the search-and-replace macro `\replaceModuleInLine`. The macro `\normalLine` writes its argument (which has to be delimited with `\endLine`) on all active output files, i.e. those with off-counters equal to zero. The counter `\codeLinesPassed` is incremented by 1 for statistics (the guards for this used in `DocStrip` are retained).

```

47 \def\normalLine#1\endLine{%
48   <*stats>
49   \advance\codeLinesPassed\@ne
50   </stats>
51   \maybeMsg{.}%
52   \def\inLine{#1}%
53   \replaceModuleInLine
54   \let\do\putline@do
55   \activefiles
56 }
(End definition for \normalLine This function is documented on page ??.)
57 </program>

```

Index

The italic numbers denote the pages where the corresponding entry is described, numbers underlined point to the definition, all others indicate the places where it is used.

Symbols			
\@ne	49	\else	5, 6, 7, 26
_	22	\empty	25, 35, 43
A			
\activefiles	55	\endgroup	34
\advance	49	\endLine	17, 47
B		\expandafter	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 40, 43
\begingroup	21	F	
C		\fi	7, 14, 32
\catcode	22	G	
\checkOption	3, 3	\gdef	23
\codeLinesPassed	49	I	
D		\ifcase	4
\def	3, 17, 27, 36, 37, 42, 45, 46, 47, 52	\ifx	5, 6, 7, 24
\do	54	\inLine	28, 29, 30, 52
\doOption	14	\input	2
E		L	
\edef	40	\let	25, 35, 54
M		\long	23, 36, 37, 45, 46
\maybeMsg	18, 51		

\minusOption	11		
\moduleOption	13, <u>17</u> , 17		
		N	
\normalLine	<u>47</u> , 47		
		O	
\or	8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13		
		P	
\plusOption	10		
\prepareActiveModule	19, <u>21</u> , 23		
\putline@do	54		
		Q	
\qMark	38, 40, 45		
\qStop	40, 46		
		R	
		\relax	7, 24
		\replaceAllIn	28, 29, 30, <u>36</u> , 36
		\replaceAllInAuxI	<u>36</u> , 40, 42, 43
		\replaceAllInAuxII	<u>36</u> , 43, 45
		\replaceAllInAuxIII	<u>36</u> , 38, 46
		\replaceModuleInLine ..	<u>21</u> , 25, 27, 35, 53
		S	
		\slashOption	9
		\starOption	8
		T	
		\tempa	37, 43
		V	
		\verbOption	12